

Tunnels leading to somewhere

X

VPN, IPv6, etc

Native when you can, Tunnel when you must

Tunnels











Tunnels

BC Rockies Snow Tunnel



Chicago Airport

Goldstream Tunnel to the water fall







NRC Wind Tunnel

Network Tunnels

- Tunnels are just encapsulation of one protocol in another
 - Virtua<mark>l Private Networks</mark>
 - IPv6 inside IPv4 (protocol 41)
 - Carrier Ethernet (MAC in MAC)
- PPPoE
 - Not TLS/SSL

VLANs are just Tunneling Ethernet/VLAN ID/IP

https://packetlife.net/media/captures/802_1ad.pcapng.cap

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
	1 0.000000	192.85.1.22	192.85.1.14	IPv4	1500	Unknown (253)
	2 0.000019	192.85.1.23	192.85.1.15	IPv4	1500	Unknown (253)

Frame 1: 1500 bytes on wire (12000 bits), 1500 bytes captured (12000 bits) on interface \\.\pipe\vie
 Ethernet II, Src: Performa_00:00:14 (00:10:94:00:00:14), Dst: Performa_00:00:0c (00:10:94:00:00:0c)
 IEEE 802.1ad, ID: 30

- ▶ 802.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 100
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.85.1.22, Dst: 192.85.1.14
- Data (1454 bytes)

IPSec Tunnel



4

https://packetlife.net/media/captures/IPv6-ESP.pcapng.cap

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	ıfo	
1	0.000000	2001:470:e5bf:1001:8519:2	2001:470:e5bf:dea	ESP	62	SP (SPI=0x49507636)	

- Frame 1: 62 bytes on wire (496 bits), 62 bytes captured (496 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{E29A5FA1-5F27-435E-AF55
 Ethernet II, Src: Cisco_c9:0b:81 (54:75:d0:c9:0b:81), Dst: LiteonTe_f9:49:f6 (68:a3:c4:f9:49:f6)
- Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: 2001:470:e5bf:1001:8519:2d1f:c57d:fc4f, Dst: 2001:470:e5bf:dead:7db0:921:a2e9:1c21
- Encapsulating Security Payload
 - ESP SPI: 0x49507636 (1230009910)
 - ESP Sequence: 541414224





VPN with AH & ESP

- Authenticated Header (AH) Data Integrity
 - https://packetlife.net/media/captures/IPsec_ESP-AH_tunnel_mode.cap

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
	1 0.000000	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ESP	194	ESP (SPI=0x48dac2e4)
	2 0.008010	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ESP	194	ESP (SPI=0xfb5128a6)
	3 0.023991	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	ESP	194	ESP (SPI=0x48dac2e4)
	4 0.031999	10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	ESP	194	ESP (SPI=0xfb5128a6)

> Frame 1: 194 bytes on wire (1552 bits), 194 bytes captured (1552 bits)

> Ethernet II, Src: c2:00:57:75:00:00 (c2:00:57:75:00:00), Dst: c2:01:57:75:00:00 (c2:01:57:75:00:00)

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.0.1, Dst: 10.0.0.2

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    Authentication Header
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Next header: Encap Security Payload (50)

Length: 4 (24 bytes)

Reserved: 0000

AH SPI: 0x8179b705

AH Sequence: 1

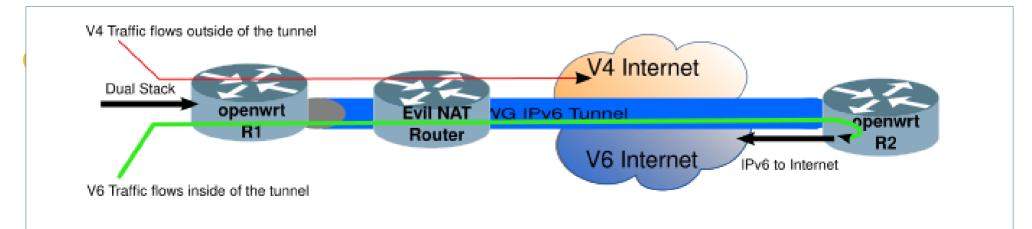
AH ICV: 27cfc0a5e43d69b3728ec5b0

Encapsulating Security Payload

+

VPN Leakage

- Leakage is when traffic does not flow through the VPN tunnel
 - Most often happens when VPN provider doesn't support IPv6. Solution: Get a better provider



Tunnels within tunnels

- If Encapsulating is good, then adding more encapsulations must be better right?
 - MTU (Max Transfer Unit) limitations
 - Overhead

Encapsulation on Encapsulation

- IPv6/IPv4/GRE/PPP/IPv4/UDP
 - https://packetlife.net/media/captures/gre_and_4over6.cap

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
_► 1	L 0.000000	172.16.44.3	8.8.8.8	DNS	197	Standard query 0xa62c AAAA
↓ 2	2 0.213894	8.8.8	172.16.44.3	DNS	268	Standard query response Oxa

- > Frame 1: 197 bytes on wire (1576 bits), 197 bytes captured (1576 bits)
- > Ethernet II, Src: JuniperN_f2:61:3d (00:12:1e:f2:61:3d), Dst: c5:00:00:82:c4 (c5:00:00:82:c4)
- ▶ 802.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 100
- Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: 2402:f000:1:8e01::5555, Dst: 2607:fcd0:100:2300::b108:2a6b
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 16.0.0.200, Dst: 192.52.166.154
- > Generic Routing Encapsulation (PPP)
- Point-to-Point Protocol
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.16.44.3, Dst: 8.8.8.8
- ▶ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 40768, Dst Port: 53
- Domain Name System (query)

Common non-VPN Tunnels

- Tunnels are more than just VPNs or VLANs
 - Accessing the Internet, PPPoE
 - Accessing the whole Internet Protocol 41





PPPoE Tunnel

- PPPoE is often used by DSL ISPs
 - https://packetlife.net/media/captures/PPPoE_Dual-Stack_IPv4_IPv6-with_DHCPv6.cap

No) .	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
	34	6.183000	fe80::ce05:eff:fe88:0	ff02::2	ICMPv6	70	Router Solicitation
	35	6.247000	fe80::c801:eff:fe88:8	fe80::ce05:eff:fe…	ICMPv6	86	Router Advertisement
Г	36	11.182000	fe80::ce05:eff:fe88:0	ff02::1:2	DHCPv6	120	Solicit XID: 0xfc24ab CID: 00
	37	11.234000	fe80::c801:eff:fe88:8	fe80::ce05:eff:fe…	DHCPv6	166	Advertise XID: 0xfc24ab CID:
	38	11.260000	fe80::ce05:eff:fe88:0	ff02::1:2	DHCPv6	134	Request XID: 0xfcf776 CID: 00
	39	11.330000	fe80::c801:eff:fe88:8	fe80::ce05:eff:fe…	DHCPv6	166	Reply XID: 0xfcf776 CID: 0003
	40	12.736000	ca:01:0e:88:00:06	cc:05:0e:88:00:00	PPP LCP	60	Echo Request
	41	12.750000	cc:05:0e:88:00:00	ca:01:0e:88:00:06	PPP LCP	60	Echo Reply

Frame 36: 120 bytes on wire (960 bits), 120 bytes captured (960 bits)

> Ethernet II, Src: cc:05:0e:88:00:00 (cc:05:0e:88:00:00), Dst: ca:01:0e:88:00:06 (ca:01:0e:88:00:06)

PPP-over-Ethernet Session

Point-to-Point Protocol

Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: fe80::ce05:eff:fe88:0, Dst: ff02::1:2

User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 546, Dst Port: 547

DHCPv6

Protocol 41 IPv6 in IPv4

- Used by Hurricane Electric
 - https://packetlife.net/media/captures/IPv6_in_IP.cap

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info		
Г	1 0.000000	2001:db8:0:1::1	2001:db8:0:1::2	ICMPv6	134	Echo	(ping)	request id=
+	2 0.008035	2001:db8:0:1::2	2001:db8:0:1::1	ICMPv6	134	Echo	(ping)	reply id=0>
	3 0.016001	2001:db8:0:1::1	2001:db8:0:1::2	ICMPv6	134	Echo	(ping)	request id=
	4 0.024016	2001:db8:0:1::2	2001:db8:0:1::1	ICMPv6	134	Echo	(ping)	reply id=0>

> Frame 1: 134 bytes on wire (1072 bits), 134 bytes captured (1072 bits)

> Ethernet II, Src: c2:00:42:02:00:00 (c2:00:42:02:00:00), Dst: c2:01:42:02:00:00 (c2:01:42:02:00:00)

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.0.1, Dst: 10.0.0.2

Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: 2001:db8:0:1::1, Dst: 2001:db8:0:1::2

Internet Control Message Protocol v6



o THANK YOU

X

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